

## Emergency Safety Intervention Parent Information

If an emergency safety intervention was used with a student, we invite and strongly encourage parents to schedule a meeting to discuss the incident and how to prevent future use of emergency safety interventions. A parent can request and schedule this meeting by going to the back page for the person to contact who will work to schedule this meeting with the required participants. This meeting will be scheduled no later than 10-school days from when the parent makes the request unless the parent cannot meet within that time frame.

Lansing School District USD #469 www.usd469.net

http://www.usd469.net/index.php/schools/specialeducation/emergency-safety-interventions Mary Alice Schroeger 913-727-1100 ext. 1500 maryalice.schroeger@usd469.net

Date
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Dear	parent or	guardian of	

We are writing to inform you that an emergency safety intervention has been used with your child due to behavior that presented a reasonable and immediate danger of physical harm to your child or others. An emergency safety intervention is the use of seclusion or physical restraint. Details of the incident regarding your child are included in the form attached to this letter.

If this is the first time an emergency safety intervention has been used on your child this school year, also attached are printed copies of the standards for when emergency safety intervention may be used, a flyer on your rights under emergency safety intervention law, information on your right to file a complaint with the local board of education through the local dispute resolution process, information on your right to request administrative review from the Kansas State Board of Education, and information to assist you in navigating these processes. If this is a subsequent incident this school year, then the information is not attached, and you are encouraged to access the information at the website link for local emergency safety intervention resources below.

Please use the form on the following page to provide feedback or comments to the school regarding the incident. You may submit the form to me at any time by delivering it to the school or emailing it to me. We invite and strongly encourage you to schedule a meeting to discuss the incident and how to prevent future use of emergency safety interventions. Please use my email or phone number listed below to schedule an emergency safety intervention meeting.

Local Emergency Safety Intervention Resources: http://www.usd469.net/index.php/schools/special-education/emergency-safety-interventions

State Emergency Safety Intervention Resources: www.ksdetasn.org

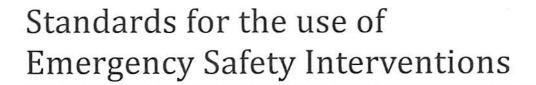
Sincerely,

(administrator signature)
(administrator name)
(administrator phone number)
(administrator email address)

## Emergency Safety Intervention USD469 Notification for Parent/Guardian

Today's Date:	Incident Number:	KIDS ID Number:
		cident that required restraint and/or seclusion. The Kansas at we report this information to you on the day of the incident.
Type of Eme	ergency Safety Intervention (	Used: Seclusion Restraint
Student Nar	ne:	Date of Incident:
Beginning T	ime: E	End Time: Duration:
Staff Memb	er Reporting:	Location:
Restraint Ne restraint inc	_	es No If yes, please use an additional form for the
Reasons for	Restraint if used:	
Aggression t	o Staff Aggression to P	Peer Self-Harm Other:
_		Restraining Personnel: Seclusion Personnel:
Mandt certif	fied at time of incident? Yes	
	<ul> <li>Parent must be notified</li> <li>Phone call will be the fire</li> </ul>	the same day of the incident by using two different methods.
Date & Time	e of Parent/Guardian Notific	ation 1:
Date & Time	e of Parent/Guardian Notific	ation 2:
Notifying Pa	arty:	Contact Information:
Description of Event	ts leading up to the incident:	

De-Escalation Techniques:	
Description of the Incident:	
-	
Outcome of the Intervention (Description of the step	s taken to transition the student back into the
educational setting:	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Medical Care Provided:	
Administrative Section:	
At the time of the incident did the student have. IED	EOA Dian Robaviar Intervention Plan
At the time of the incident, did the student have: IEP	DOM FIGHT DEHIAVIOLIHLEIVEHLIUH PIGH
Parent must be provided with the ESI Parent Feedback Form a	long with this report.
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Administrator Signature	Date





Emergency safety interventions law sets forth standards for the use of restraint and seclusion to ensure that all Kansas students and staff have a safe learning environment. The standards found in the emergency safety intervention statutes and regulations are required to be followed in all Kansas public school districts and accredited private schools.

An emergency safety intervention is the use of seclusion or physical restraint. The use of an emergency safety intervention shall cease as soon as the immediate danger of physical harm and violent action ceases to exist.

Before using an emergency safety intervention, a school employee witnessing the student's behavior must have determined that **less restrictive alternatives** to emergency safety interventions, such as positive behavior interventions support, were inappropriate or ineffective under the circumstances.

An emergency safety intervention shall be used **only when a student presents a reasonable** and immediate danger of physical harm to such student or others with the present ability to effect such physical harm. Violent action that is destructive of property may necessitate the use of an emergency safety intervention if there is a reasonable and immediate danger of physical harm. An emergency safety intervention may not be used for purposes of discipline, punishment, or for the convenience of a school employee.

**Physical restraint** means bodily force used to substantially limit a student's movement. Physical restraint is **NOT**:

- Consensual, solicited or unintentional contact and contact to provide comfort, assistance or instruction;
- physical escort;
- prescribed treatments for a student's medical or psychiatric condition by a person appropriately licensed to issue these treatments;
- protective or stabilizing devices either ordered by an appropriately licensed professional or required by law;
- any device used by a law enforcement officer in carrying out law enforcement duties;
   and
- seatbelts and any other safety equipment when used to secure students during transportation.

#### **Prohibited** types of restraints:

- Prone, or face-down, physical restraint;
- **supine**, or face-up, physical restraint;
- any physical restraint that obstructs the airway of a student;
- any physical restraint that impacts a student's primary mode of communication;
- chemical restraint ("chemical restraint" means the use of medication to control a student's violent physical behavior or restrict a student's freedom of movement.); and
- mechanical restraint ("mechanical restraint" means any device or object used to limit a student's movement).

#### **Seclusion** means placement of a student in a location where:

- The student is placed in an enclosed area by school personnel;
- the student is purposefully isolated from adults and peers; and
- the student is **prevented from leaving**, or the student reasonably believes that such student will be prevented from leaving, the enclosed area.

An emergency safety intervention may not be used with a student if the student is known to have a **medical condition** that could put the student in mental or physical danger as a result of the use of an emergency safety intervention unless not using an emergency safety intervention would result in significant physical harm to the student or others. The medical condition must be indicated in a written statement from the student's licensed health care provider, and a copy of which shall be provided to the school and placed in the student's file.

When a student is placed in seclusion, a school employee shall be able to see and hear the student at all times.

If a seclusion room has a locking door it must be designed to ensure that the lock automatically disengages when the school employee viewing the student walks away from the seclusion room, or in cases of emergency, such as fire or severe weather.

A seclusion room must be a safe place. The room must have good ventilation and lighting, and be free of any condition that could be a danger to the student. The room must also be similar to other rooms where students frequent.

Seclusion is **not time-out**, which is a behavioral intervention in which a student is temporarily removed from a learning activity without being confined.

# Where can I find out more information about Emergency Safety Interventions (Seclusion and Restraint)?



Families Together, Inc.

Topeka Parent Center- 1-800-264-6343 topeka@familiestogetherinc.org

Wichita Parent Center- 1-888-815-6364 wichita@familiestogetherinc.org

Garden City Parent Center- 1-888-820-6364 gardencity@familiestogetherinc.org



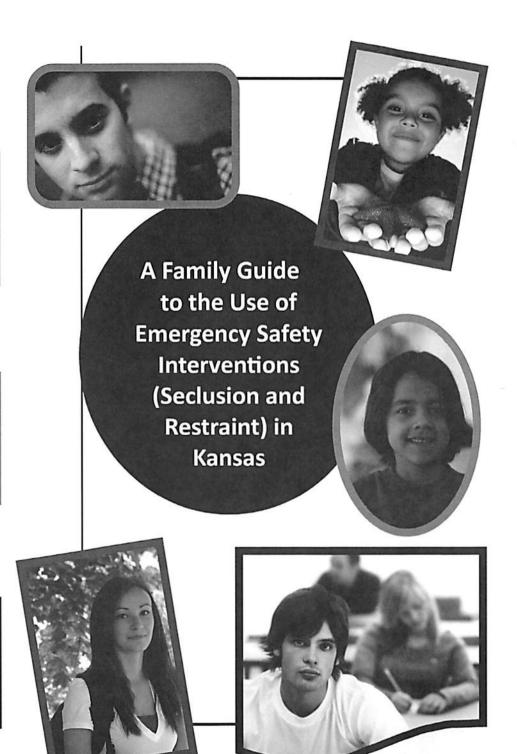
Kansas Parent Information Resource Center Kansas Parent Information Resource Center (KPIRC)

> 1-866-711-6711 www.kpirc..org

Kansas State Department of Education (KSDE)



1-800-203-9462 www.ksde.org www.ksdetasn.org

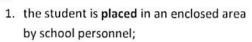


#### What are Emergency Safety Interventions?

Emergency Safety Interventions (ESI) are seclusion and restraint that are used when the student presents a reasonable and immediate danger to self or others.

#### What is Seclusion?

Seclusion means placement of a student in a location where all the following conditions are met:





- 2. the student is purposefully isolated from other adults and peers; and,
- the student is prevented from leaving, or the student reasonably believes that such student will be prevented from leaving, the enclosed area.

Time-out is not the same as seclusion. Time-out is when a student is temporarily removed from the learning activity, but is not confined.

#### What is Restraint?

Restraint can take form in different ways. **Mechanical restraint** is defined as any device or object used to limit a person's movement. The use of mechanical restraint is prohibited in Kansas except those protective or stabilizing devices ordered by a person appropriately licensed to issue the order for the device. Mechanical restraint used by a law enforcement officer in carrying out law enforcement duties is allowed. Seatbelts and/or other safety equipment when used to secure students during transportation are also allowed.

The definition of **physical restraint** is bodily force used to substantially limit a student's movement. The use of prone physical restraint (face-down) and supine physical restraint (face-up) are prohibited. Physical restraint may not obstruct the airway of the student or impact the student's primary mode of communication.

**Chemical restraint** is prohibited in Kansas. A student may take prescribed treatments for a medical or psychiatric condition when they are prescribed by a person who is properly licensed to prescribe medication.

Consensual, solicited, or unintentional contact and contact to provide comfort, assistance, or instruction is not physical restraint.

#### Why focus on Positive Interventions?

Positive Interventions help build positive relationships and encourage new

behaviors. Positive interventions also reinforce new skills and increase self-satisfaction and optimism among youth, parents and teachers. All students need to be recognized and rewarded when they are meeting the expectations that have been established. Current research suggests positive recognition (rewards, reinforcements, praise) must occur more frequently than negative recognition. A well-developed behavior intervention plan should include many positive interventions in order to effectively change behavior. The first consideration should be the appropriateness of the interventions. The team should select interventions that are based upon the student's developmental level, motor ability, communication mode and other factors relevant to the student and the disability. Environmental and

Behavioral strategies, particularly when implemented as part of a school-wide program of positive behavioral supports, can be used to address the underlying causes of dangerous behavior and reduce the likelihood that restraint or seclusion will need to be used.

U.S. Department of Education Restraint and Seclusion: Resource Document

context related factors should also be considered. These might include things such as classroom seating, noise levels, peer issues, instruction that is too hard or too easy, transitions, and changes in the setting.

#### Replacement Behaviors

A replacement behavior is when a student replaces an inappropriate behavior with an appropriate one <u>that continues to serve the same function for the student</u>. When selecting replacement behaviors, the team should address the following questions:

- Does the replacement behavior work as well as the challenging behavior in meeting the student's needs?
- Will it be an acceptable alternative to the challenging behavior?
- Will the replacement behavior be something the student will choose to do and that his or her family and teachers support?
- Will the replacement behavior help build a positive reputation for the student?

Students should be recognized and rewarded for choosing to utilize replacement behaviors to be most effective.

#### **Functional Behavioral Assessments**

All behaviors are functional and are maintained in environments that support them. If your child's behavior impedes the learning of self or others, you



may consider requesting a functional behavioral assessment. A Functional Behavioral Assessment can help teams determine the when, where, how and why problematic behavior occurs. A comprehensive assessment includes interviews, record reviews, observation and data collection, graphing data collected, testing hypotheses, curriculum analysis, implementation of interventions and evaluation of effectiveness of the plan. Assessments should identify antecedents (what happens just before the behavior occurs), a very clearly

defined picture of the behavior that is occurring, and the reinforcers (what happens just after the behavior occurs). If a behavior meets a function for the student, the behavior will continue. Teams need to determine what the function of the behavior is so that they may provide successful interventions or teach replacement behaviors that meet the same function for the student.

#### **Behavior Intervention Plans**

Behavior Intervention Plans (BIP) should be positive and instructive and based upon a functional behavioral assessment. A BIP should address:

- The function of the behavior
- Effective teaching of the expected behavior
- Rewards and consequences that are meaningful to the student
- Opportunities to self-manage behaviors



A functional behavioral assessment can be conducted at any time for a student who does not respond to school-wide behavioral interventions. Following the assessment, a behavior intervention plan may be developed. As a parent, you have the right to request a functional behavioral assessment. Contact Families

Together for further assistance.

#### When May Emergency Safety Intervention be Used?

- May only be used when a student presents a reasonable and immediate danger of physical harm to such student or others with the present ability to cause physical harm.
- Less restrictive alternatives, such as
  positive behavior interventions support,
  must be deemed inappropriate or
  ineffective under the circumstances by
  the school employee witnessing the
  student's behavior prior to the use of any
  ESIs.



- The use of ESI must stop as soon as the immediate danger of physical harm ends.
- ESI cannot be used is used for purposes of discipline, punishment, or for the convenience of a school employee.
- A student may not be subjected to seclusion if the student is known to have a medical condition that could put the student in mental or physical danger as a result of seclusion. The existence of this medical condition must be indicated in a written statement from the student's licensed health care provider that is provided to the school and is placed in the student's file. Note that this exception does not apply to restraint.
- Violent destruction of property may also prompt the use of ESI.

#### What are the Requirements for Seclusion?



When a student is placed in seclusion, a school employee must be able to see and hear the student at all times.

All seclusion rooms that have a locking door must be designed to make sure that the lock automatically disengages when the school employee watching the student walks away from the seclusion room, or in cases of

emergency, such as fire or severe weather.

A seclusion room must be a safe place with proportional and similar characteristics as other rooms where students frequent. A seclusion room must be free of anything that could be a danger to the student and must be well-ventilated and sufficiently lighted.

## When Must a Parent be Notified an ESI has been Used?

- The school must notify the parent the same day the ESI was used. If the parent cannot be notified, then the school must notify an emergency contact person for the student.
- Documentation of the ESI used must be completed and provided to the parent by the school day following the day on which the ESI was used.



- The parent must be provided with the following information in writing after the first ESI incident in a school year and provided with this information after subsequent ESI incidents through a web address that contains this information:
  - A copy of the standards of when ESI can be used;
  - A flyer on the parent's rights under ESI law;
  - Information on the parent's right to file a complaint through the local dispute resolution process and the complaint process of the Kansas State Board of Education; and
  - Information that will assist the parent in navigating the complaint process, including contact information for Families Together and the Disability Rights Center of Kansas.

## What Can I Do if I Feel that ESI has been Used Inappropriately with My Child?

If a parent believes that ESIs have been used that violate the ESI statute, ESI regulations, or the district's ESI policy, then the parent may file a complaint through the local dispute resolution process within 30 days of the use of ESI.

A parent may file a complaint through the Kansas State Board of Education's complaint process within 30 days from the date that a parent receives a final decision through the local dispute resolution process or after 30 days have passed since the parent filed a complaint through the local dispute resolution process, if the parent has not received the local board's final decision.

## Requirements if there is a Third ESI Incident with a Student within a School Year

If there is a third ESI incident within a school year on a student with an IEP or a Section 504 plan, then the student's IEP or Section 504 team must meet within 10 days after the incident to discuss the incident and consider the need to conduct a functional behavioral



analysis (FBA), develop a behavior intervention plan (BIP), or amend the student's BIP if the student already has one. These requirements must be followed unless the student's IEP or Section 504 team agrees on a different process.

If there is a third ESI incident within a school year on a student without an IEP or a Section 504 plan, then the student's parent and school employees must meet within 10 days after the incident to discuss the incident and consider the appropriateness of a referral for a special education evaluation or the need for a FBA or BIP. The school employees involved in this meeting must include a school administrator for the school where the student attends, one of the student's teachers, a school employee involved in the incident, and any other school employees designated by the school administrator as appropriate to attend the meeting.

The student must be invited to any of the meetings referred to previously in this section.

The meetings referred to in this section may be extended beyond the 10-day requirement if the parent of the student is unable to attend within that time period.



If your child has a history of seclusion and restraint or challenging behavior, he or she could be eligible for additional supports and interventions. Parents are welcome to contact Families Together, Inc. to discuss possible options.

#### GAAF Emergency Safety Interventions (See GAO, JRB, JQ, and KN) GAAF

The board of education is committed to limiting the use of Emergency Safety Intervention ("ESI"), such as seclusion and restraint, with all students. Seclusion and restraint shall be used only when a student's conduct necessitates the use of an emergency safety intervention as defined below. The board of education encourages all employees to utilize other behavioral management tools, including prevention techniques, de-escalation techniques, and positive behavioral intervention strategies.

This policy shall be made available on the district website with links to the policy available on any individual school pages. In addition, this policy shall be included in at least one of the following: each school's code of conduct, school safety plan, or student handbook. Notice of the online availability of this policy shall be provided to parents during enrollment each ear.

#### Definitions

"Campus police officer" means a school security officer designated by the board of education of any school district pursuant to K.S.A. 72-8222, and amendments thereto.

"Chemical Restraint" means to use of medications to control student's violent physical behavior or restrict a student's freedom of movement.

"Emergency Safety Intervention" is the use of seclusion or physical restraint, but does not include physical escort or the use of time-out.

"Incident" means each occurrence of the use of an emergency safety intervention.

"Law enforcement officer" and Police Officer" mean a fulltime or parttime salaried officer of employee of the state, a county, or a city, whose duties include the prevention or detection of crime and the enforcement of criminal or traffic law of this state or any Kansas Municipality. This term includes a campus police officer.

"Legitimate law enforcement purposes" means a goal within the lawful authority of an officer that is to be achieved through methods or conduct condoned by the officer's appointing authority.

"Mechanical Restraint" means any device or object used to limit a student's movement.

"Parent" means: (1) a natural parent; (2) an adoptive parent; (3) a person acting as a parent as defined in K.S.A. 72-1046(d)(2), and amendments thereto; (4) a legal guardian; (5) and education advocate for a student with an exceptionality; (6) a foster parent, unless the student is a child with no exceptionality; or (7) a student who has reached the age of majority or is an emancipated minor.

"Physical Escort" means the temporary touching or holding the hand, wrist, arm, shoulder, or back of a student who is acting out for the purpose of inducing the student to walk to a safe location.

"Physical Restrain" means bodily force used to substantially limit a student's movement, except that consensual, solicited, or unintentional contact and contact to provide comfort, assistance, or instruction shall not be deemed to be physical restraint.

"School resource officer" means a law enforcement officer or police officer employed by a local law enforcement agency who is assigned to a district through an agreement between the local law enforcement agency and the district.

"School security officer" means a person who is employed by a board of education of any school district for the purpose of aiding and supplementing

State and local law enforcement agencies in which the school district is located but is not a law enforcement officer or police officer.

"Seclusion" means placement of a student in a location where all of the following conditions are met: (1) the student is placed in an enclosed area by school personnel; (2) the student is purposefully isolated from adults and peers, and (3) the student is prevented from leaving, or reasonably believes that he or she will be prevented from leaving the enclosed area.

"Time-out" means a behavioral intervention in which a student is temporarily removed from a learning activity without being secluded.

#### Prohibited Types of Restraint

All staff members are prohibited from engaging in the following actions with all students:

- Using face-down (prone) physical restraint;
- Using face-up (supine) physical restraint;
- Using physical restraint that obstructs the student's airway;
- Using physical restraint that impacts a student's primary mode of communication;
- Using chemical restraint, except as prescribed treatments for a student's medical or psychiatric condition by a person appropriately licensed to issue such treatments; and
- Use of mechanical restraint, except:
  - o Protective or stabilizing devices required by law or used in accordance with an order from a person appropriately licensed to issue the order for the device:

- o Any device used by a certified law enforcement officer to carry out law enforcement duties; or
- o Seatbelts and other safety equipment when used to secure students during transportation.

#### Use of Emergency Safety Interventions

ESI shall be used only when a student presents a reasonable and immediate danger of physical harm to such student of others with the present ability to effect such physical harm. Less restrictive alternatives to ESI, such as positive behavior interventions support, shall be deemed inappropriate or ineffective under the circumstances by the school employee witnessing the student's behavior prior to the use of any ESI. The use of ESI shall cease as soon as the immediate danger of physical harm ceases to exist. Violent action that is destructive of property may necessitate the use of an ESI. Use of an ESI for purposes of discipline, punishment, or for the convenience of a school employee shall not meet the standard of immediate danger of physical harm.

#### ESI Restrictions

A student shall not be subjected to ESI if the student is known to have a medical condition that could put the student in mental of physical danger as a result of ESI. The existence of such medical condition must be indicated in a written statement from the student's licensed health care provider, a copy of which has been provided to the school and placed in the student's file.

Such written statement shall include an explanation of the student's diagnosis, a list of any reasons why ESI would put the student in mental or physical danger, and any suggested alternatives to ESI. Notwithstanding the

provisions of this subsection, a student may be subjected to ESI, if not subjection the student to ESI would result in significant physical harm to the student or others.

#### Use of Seclusion

When a student is placed in seclusion, a school employee shall be able to see and hear the student at all times.

All seclusion rooms equipped with a locking door shall be designed to ensure that the lock automatically disengages when the school employee viewing the student walks away from the seclusion room, or in case of emergency, such as fire or severe weather.

A seclusion room shall be a safe place with proportional and similar characteristics as other rooms where students frequent. Such room shall be free of any condition that could be a danger to the student, well-ventilated, and sufficiently lighted.

#### Training

All staff members shall be trained regarding the use of positive behavioral intervention strategies, de-escalation techniques, and prevention techniques. Such training shall be consistent with nationally recognized training programs on ESI. The intensity of the training provided will depend upon the employee's position. Administrators, licensed staff members, and other staff deemed most likely to need to restrain a student will be provided more intense training that staff who do not work directly with students in the classroom. District and building administration shall make the determination of the intensity of training required by each position.

Each school building shall maintain written or electronic documentation regarding the training that was provided and a list of participants, which shall be made available for inspection by the state board of education upon request.

#### Notification and Documentation

The principal or designee shall notify the parent the same day as incident. The same-day notification requirement of this subsection shall be deemed satisfied if the school attempts at least two methods of contacting the parent. A parent may designate a preferred method of contact to receive the same-day notification. Also, a parent may agree, in writing, to receive only one same-day notification from the school for multiple incidents occurring on the same day.

Documentation of the ESI used shall be completed and provided to the student's parents no later than the school day following the day of the incident. Such written documentation shall include: (A) The events leading up to the incident; (B) student behaviors that necessitated the ESI; (C) steps taken to transition the student back into the educational setting; (D) the date and time the incident occurred, the type of ESI used, the duration of the ESI, and the school personnel who used or supervised the ESI; (E) space of an additional form for parents to provide feedback or comments to the school regarding the incident; (F) a statement that invites and strongly encourages parents to schedule a meeting to discuss the incident and how to prevent future incidents; and (G) email and phone information for the parent to contact the school to schedule the ESI meeting. Schools may group incidents together when documenting the items in

subparagraphs (A), (B) and (C) if the triggering issue necessitating the ESIs is the same.

The parent shall be provided the following information after the first and each subsequent incident during each school year: (1) a copy of this policy which indicates when ESI can be used; (2) a flyer on the parent's rights; (3) information on the parent's right to file a complaint through the local dispute resolution process (which is set forth in this policy) and the complaint process of the state board of education; and (4) information that will assist the parent in navigating the complaint process, including contact information for Families Together and the Disability Rights Center of Kansas. Upon the first occurrence of an incident of ESI, the foregoing information shall be provided in printed form or, upon the parent's written request, by email. Upon the occurrence of a second or subsequent incident, the parent shall be provided with a full and direct website address containing such information.

#### Law Enforcement School Resource, and Campus Security Officers

Campus police officers and school resource officers shall be exempt from the requirements of this policy when engaged in an activity that has a legitimate law enforcement purpose. School security officers shall not be exempt from the requirements of this policy.

If a school is aware that a law enforcement officer or school resource officer has used seclusion, physical restraint, or mechanical restraint on a student, the school shall notify the parent the same day using the parent's preferred method of contact. A school shall not be required to provide written documentation to parent, as set forth above, regarding law enforcements use of an emergency safety

intervention, or report to the state department of education a law enforcement use of an emergency safety intervention. For purposes of this subsection, mechanical restraint includes, but is not limited to, the use of handcuffs.

#### Documentation of ES! Incidents

Except as specified above with regard to law enforcement of school resource officer use of emergency safety interventions, each building shall maintain documentation any time ESI is used with a student. Such documentation must include all of the following:

- Date and time of the ESI,
- Type of ESI,
- Length of time the ESI was used,
- School personnel who participated in or supervised the ESI,
- Whether the student had an individualized education program at the time of the incident,
- Whether the student had a section 504 plan at the time of the incident,
   and whether the student had a behavior intervention plan at the time of the incident.

All such documentation shall be provided to the building principal, who shall be responsible for providing copies of such documentation to the superintendent or the superintendent's designee on at least a biannual basis. At least once per school year, each building principal or designee shall review the documentation of ESI incidents with appropriate staff members to consider the appropriateness of the use of ESI in those instances.

#### Reporting Data

District administration shall report ESI data to the state department of education as required.

#### Parent Right to Meeting on ESI Use

After each incident, a parent may request a meeting with the school to discuss and debrief the incident. A parent may request such meeting verbally, in writing, or by electronic means. A school shall hold a meeting requested under this subsection within 10 school days of the parent's request. The focus of any such meeting shall be to discuss proactive ways to prevent the need for emergency safety interventions and to reduce incidents in the future.

For a student with an IEP or a Section 504 plan, such student's IEP team or Section 504 plan team shall discuss the incident and consider the need to conduct a functional behavioral assessment, develop a behavior intervention plan, or amend the behavior intervention plan if already in existence.

For a student with a section 504 plan, such student's section 504 plan team shall discuss and consider the need for a special education evaluation. For students who have an individualized education program and are placed in a private school by a parent, a meeting called under this subsection shall include the parent and the private school, who shall consider whether the parent should request an individualized education program team meeting. If the parent requests an individualized education program team meeting, the private school shall help facilitate such meeting.

For a student without an IEP or Section 504 plan, the school staff and the parent shall discuss the incident and consider the appropriateness of a referral for a special education evaluation, the need for a functional behavioral assessment

Assessment, or the need for a behavior intervention plan. Any such meting shall include the student's parent, a school administrator for the school the student attends, one of the student's teachers, a school employee involved in the incident, and any other school employees designated by the school administrator as appropriate for such meeting.

The student who is the subject of such meetings shall be invited to attend the meeting at the discretion of the parent. The time for calling such a meeting may be extended beyond the 10-day limit if the parent of the student is unable to attend within that time period. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the development and implementation of a functional behavior assessment or a behavior intervention plan for any student if such student would benefit from the measures.

#### Local Dispute Resolution Process

If a parent believes that an emergency safety intervention has been used on the parent's child in violation of state law or board policy, the parent my file a complaint as specified below.

The board of education encourages parents to attempt to resolve issues relating to the use of ESI informally with the building principal and/or the superintendent before filing a formal complaint with the board. Once an informal complaint is received, the administrator handling such complaint shall investigate such matter, as deemed appropriate by the administrator. In the event that the complaint is resolved informally, the administrator must provide a written report of the informal resolution to the superintendent and the parents and retain a copy of the report at the school. The superintendent will share the informal resolution

with the board of education and provide a copy to the state department of education.

If the issues are not resolved informally with the building principal and/or the superintendent, the parents may submit a formal written complaint to the board of education by providing a copy of the complaint to the clerk of the board and the superintendent within thirty (30) days after the parent is informed of the incident.

Upon receipt of a formal written complaint, the board president shall assign an investigator to review the complaint and report findings to the board as a whole. Such investigator may be a board member, a school administrator selected by the board, or a board attorney. Such investigator shall be informed of the obligation to maintain confidentiality of student records and shall report the findings of fact and recommended corrective action if any, to the board in executive session.

Any such investigation must be completed within thirty (30) days of receipt of the formal written complaint by the board clerk and superintendent. On or before the 30th day after receipt of the written complaint, the board shall adopt written findings of fact and, if necessary, appropriate corrective action. A copy of the written findings of fact and any corrective action adopted by the board shall only be provided to the parents, the school, and the state department of education and shall be mailed to the parents and the state department within 30 days of the board's receipt of the formal complaint.

#### GAAF Emergency Safety Intervention

If desired, a parent may file a complaint under the state board of education administrative review process within thirty (30) days from the date a final decision is issued to the local dispute resolution process.

Approved: 5/12/14

Revised: 11/9/15

Revised: 7/11/16

#### U.S.D. No. 469

#### Complaint of Discrimination Form

The policies of Board of Education of U.S.D. No. 469 prohibit discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, disability, religion and sex in all programs and activities of the district. Additionally, discrimination on the basis of age is prohibited in employment.

Harassment of individuals on any of these grounds is strictly prohibited. Individuals who believe they have been discriminated against on any of these grounds may file a complaint with the following discrimination coordinators: District Discrimination Coordinator: Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Address: \_\_\_\_ Building Discrimination Coordinators: Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Address: \_\_\_\_\_ Name: \_\_\_\_ Address: Name of Complainant: Address: Telephone Number: I believe that I have been subjected to discrimination on the basis of: Nature of the Complaint: ☐ Race ☐ Color ☐ National Origin □Racial Harassment ☐ Sex ☐ Sexual Harassment ☐ Disability □ Religion ☐ Harassment on the basis of \_\_\_\_\_ ☐ Age Please describe the incident or act complained of: Please include information about: Who was the person engaging in the conduct? What was the nature of the conduct?

<ul> <li>When did it occur?</li> <li>Where did it occur?</li> <li>What effect did the incident have on you?</li> </ul>		
	Attach additional sheets if necessary.	
Were there any witnesses to this incident?	☐ Yes ☐ No  If yes, please indicate who the witnesses were:	
What action do you believe the school should take with regard to this incident?		
If this matter proceeds to a formal or informal hearing, will you appear and testify as to your knowledge of the matter?   Yes  No		

#### KN Complaints (See BCBI, GAACA, GAAB, GAAF, IF, IKD and JCE) KN

The board encourages all complaints regarding the district to be resolved at the lowest possible administrative level. Whenever a complaint is made directly to the board as a whole or to a board member as an individual, it will be referred to the administration for study and possible resolution.

Discrimination against any individual on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, disability, age, or religion in the admission or access to, or treatment or employment in the district's programs and activities is prohibited. Harassment of an individual on any of these grounds is also prohibited. The Superintendent of Schools, 200 E. Mary Street, Lansing, KS, 913-727-1100 has been designated to coordinate compliance with nondiscrimination requirements contained in Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and The Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990. Information concerning the provisions of these Acts, and the rights provided thereunder, are available from the compliance coordinator.

#### Complaints About Discrimination or Discriminatory Harassment

Complaints of discrimination or discriminatory harassment by an employee should be addressed to the employee's supervisor, the building principal, or the district compliance coordinator. Complaints by a student should be addressed to the building principal, another administrator, the guidance counselor, or another certified staff member. Any school employee who receives a complaint of discrimination or harassment from a student shall inform the student of the employee's obligation to report the complaint and any

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principal is the alleged harasser, the complaint shall be reported to the district compliance coordinator. Complaints by any other person alleging discrimination should be addressed to the building principal or the district compliance coordinator. Complaints about discrimination, including complaints of harassment, will be resolved through the following complaint procedures:

#### Informal Procedures

The building principal shall attempt to resolve complaints of discrimination or harassment in an informal manner at the building level. Any school employee who receives a complaint of discrimination harassment from a student, another employee or any other individual shall inform the individual of the employee's obligation to report the complaint and any proposed resolution of the complaint to the building principal. The building principal shall discuss the complaint with the individual to determine if it can be resolved. If the matter is resolved to the satisfaction of the individual, the building principal shall document the nature of the complaint and the proposed resolution of the complaint, and forward this record to the district compliance coordinator. Within 20 days after the complaint is resolved in this manner, the principal shall contact the complainant to determine if the resolution of the matter remains acceptable. If the matter is not resolved to the satisfaction of the individual in the meeting with the principal, or if the individual does not believe the resolution remains acceptable, the individual may initiate a formal complaint.

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If discrimination or harassment has occurred, the district will take prompt, remedial action to prevent its reoccurrence. The district prohibits retaliation or discrimination against any person for opposing discrimination, including harassment; for participating in the complaint process; or making a complaint, testifying, assisting, or participating in any investigation, proceeding, or hearing.

#### Formal Complaint Procedures

- A formal complaint should be filed in writing and contain the name and address of the person filing the complaint. The complaint should briefly describe the alleged violation. If an individual does not wish to file a written complaint and the matter has not been adequately resolved, the building principal may initiate the complaint. Forms for filing written complaints are available in each building office and the central office.
- A complaint should be filed as soon as possible after the conduct occurs, but not later than 180 days after the complainant becomes aware of the alleged violation, unless the conduct forming the basis for the complaint is ongoing.
- If appropriate, an investigation shall follow the filing of the complaint. If the complaint is against the superintendent, the board shall appoint an investigating officer. In other instances, the investigation shall be conducted by the building principal, the compliance coordinator or another individual appointed by the board. The investigation shall be All interested persons, including the informal but thorough. complainant and the person against whom the complaint is lodged, will be afforded an opportunity to submit written or oral evidence relevant to the complaint.
- A written determination of the complaint's validity and a description of the resolution shall be issued by the investigator, and a copy forwarded to the complainant and the accused no later than 30 days after the filing of the complaint.
  - ♦ If the investigation results in a recommendation that a student be suspended or expelled, procedures outlined in board policy and state law governing student suspension and expulsion will be followed.

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If the investigation results in a recommendation that an employee be suspended without pay or terminated, procedures outlined in board policy, the negotiated agreement or state law will be followed.

- Records relating to complaints filed and their resolution shall be forwarded to and maintained in a confidential manner by the district compliance coordinator.
- The complainant may appeal the determination of the complaint. Appeals shall be heard by the district compliance coordinator, a hearing officer appointed by the board, or by the board itself as determined by the board. The request to appeal the resolution shall be made within 20 days after the date of the written resolution of the complaint at the lower level. The appeal officer shall review the evidence gathered by the investigator and the investigator's report, and shall afford the complainant and the person against whom the complaint is filed an opportunity to submit further evidence, orally or in writing, within 10 days after the appeal is filed. The appeal officer will issue a written determination of the complaint's validity and a description of its resolution within 30 days after the appeal is filed.
- If discrimination or harassment has occurred, the district will take prompt, remedial action to prevent its reoccurrence. The district prohibits retaliation or discrimination against any person for opposing discrimination, including harassment; for participating in the complaint process, or making a complaint, testifying, assisting, or participating in any investigation, proceeding, or hearing.
- Use of this complaint procedure is not a prerequisite to the pursuit of any other remedies including the right to file a complaint with the Office for Civil Rights of the U.S. Department of Education, the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, or the Kansas Human Rights Commission.

#### Complaints About Policy

The superintendent shall report any unresolved complaint about policies to the board at the next regularly scheduled board meeting.

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Complaints About Curriculum (See IF)

The superintendent shall report a failure to resolve any complaint about curriculum to the board at the next regularly scheduled board meeting.

Complaints About Instructional Materials

The building principal shall report any unresolved complaint about instructional materials to the superintendent immediately after receiving the complaint.

Complaints About Facilities and Services

The superintendent shall report any unresolved complaint about facilities and services to the board at the next regularly scheduled board meeting.

Complaints About Personnel

The superintendent or the building principal involved shall report any unresolved complaint about personnel to the board at the next regularly scheduled board meeting.

Complaints About Emergency Safety Intervention Use

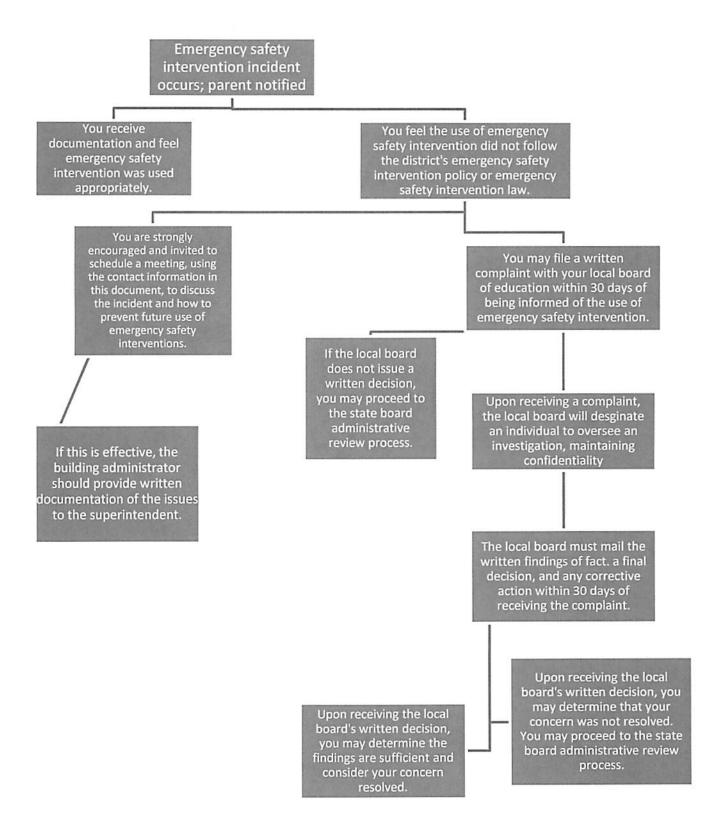
Complaints concerning the use of emergency safety interventions by district staff shall be addressed in accordance with the local dispute resolution process outlined in board policy GAAF.

Approved: 9/10/12

Revised: 4/14/14

Revised: 11/9/15

#### **Local Dispute Resolution Guide for Parents**



#### **State Board Administrative Review Process**

Refer to K.A.R. 91-42-5 for complete information. The following provides a summary of the regulations regarding an administrative review initiated with the Kansas State Board of Education (State Board).

- If a parent believes an emergency safety intervention was used in violation of K.S.A.
   2016 Supp. 72-89d01 through -89d09 or K.A.R. 91-42-1 through -7 and the parent filed a written complaint with their local board of education, then this parent may request an administrative review of the local board's decision from the State Board.
  - The request for administrative review must include the following information:
    - Name of the student and contact information:
    - Names and contact information for all involved parties (teachers, aides, administrators, and district staff), to the extent known;
    - A detailed statement of the reason for requesting an administrative review:
    - Any supporting facts and documentation; and
    - A copy of the complaint filed with the local board, the local board's final decision (if issued).
    - The written request for administrative review must be typed or legibly written and signed by the parent.
    - Relevant documents must be attached or, if unavailable, the documents must be referenced in the request for administrative review.
    - Written consent to disclose any personally identifiable information from the student's education records necessary to conduct an investigation
- The request for administrative review must be filed with the Commissioner of Education within 30 days of the local board issuing its final decision OR within 60 days from the date the parent filed a complaint with the local board, if the local board did not issue a final decision. You may mail this request to the Kansas State Department of Education, Landon State Office Building, 900 SW Jackson Street, Office of General Counsel, Room 102, Topeka, Kansas 66612. KSDE has provided a form for you to use, if you wish, and you can find it on the Emergency Safety Interventions page of the KSDE website, <a href="https://www.ksde.org/Default.aspx?tabid=524">www.ksde.org/Default.aspx?tabid=524</a>.
- A Hearing Officer will be designated by the State Board. The Hearing Officer must send a copy of the request for administrative review to the local board.
- The Hearing Officer will consider the local board's final decision and may initiate an investigation that could include:
  - A discussion with the parent, during which additional information may be gathered;

- Contact with the local board or other district staff to allow the local board to respond to the request with information supporting its final decision; and
- o An on-site investigation by Kansas State Department of Education staff.
- If new information is discovered that was not made available to both the parent and the local board during the dispute resolution process, the Hearing Officer may send the issue back to the local board.
  - o If sent back to the local board, the Hearing Officer's case will be closed and the local board has 30 days to issue a written amended final decision.
  - o If the parent feels the local board's amended final decision does not adequately address the issue, the parent may file a new request for administrative review with the commissioner by following the above process for requesting administrative review. This must be done within 30 days of the local board issuing its amended final decision. If the local board does not issue an amended final decision within 30 days, then the parent has 30 days from the date the Hearing Officer sent the issue back to the local board to file a request for administrative review with the commissioner.
- Within 60 days of receiving the request for administrative review, the Hearing Officer
  will, in writing, inform the parents, school administrator, district superintendent, local
  board clerk, and the state board of the results of the review. This time frame may be
  extended for good cause upon approval of the commissioner.
- The results of the administrative review will contain findings of fact, conclusions of law, and any suggested corrective actions. The Hearing Officer's determination will include one of the following:
  - o The local board appropriately resolved the complaint.
  - o The local board should re-evaluate the complaint with suggested findings of fact.
  - o The Hearing Officer's suggested corrective active is necessary to ensure that local board policies meet legal requirements.

#### **State Administrative Review Guide for Parents**

Written request must include:

- Name and contact information of student that emergency safety intervention was used with
- Name and contact information for all people involved
- Statement describing the basis for the review with all supporting facts and documentation
- The local board's final decision, if one was issued
- Type or legibly write the complaint and sign it
- Written consent to disclose any personally identifiable information

You may use the form on the KSDE website,

www.ksde.org/Default.aspx?tabid= 524.

Mail this request to the
Emergency Safety Intervention
Administrative Review Request,
Kansas State Department of
Education, Office of General
Counsel, 900 SW Jackson Street,
Room 102, Topeka, Kansas
66612

The Hearing Officer may initiate a separate investigation that may include:

- A discussion with the parent;
- Contacting the local board or other staff involved; and
- An on-site investigation.

If the Hearing Officer finds new information, they may send the issue back to the local board. If you are not satisfied with the local board's amended decision the right to request administrative review begins again.

You filed a complaint with the local board and you are not satisfied with the final decision about the use of an emergency safety intervention (ESI).

File a request for administrative review with the Kansas State Board of Education. You must do this within 30 days of the local board's final decision or, if the local board failed to issue a final decision, within 60 days of the date you filed a complaint with the local board.

The Kansas State Board of Education will designate a Hearing Officer to conduct a review of the local board's final decision.

Investigation results will be provided to the parents, school administrator, district superintendent, local board, and state board within 60 days of the commissioner's receipt of the request for administrative review.

A request for an administrative review may include, but is not limited to, the following allegations:

- An emergency safety intervention was used with your child when your child did not present a reasonable and immediate danger of physical harm to themselves or others with the present ability to effect such physical harm.
- The district used a form of banned restraint including prone, supine, physical restraint that obstructs the airway of your child, physical restraint that impacts your child's primary mode of communication, chemical or mechanical restraint that does not meet an exception.
- Less restrictive alternatives to emergency safety intervention were not deemed inappropriate or ineffective before emergency safety intervention was used.
- The use of emergency safety intervention with your child did not stop as soon as the immediate danger of physical harm stopped.
- emergency safety intervention was used with your child for discipline, punishment, or convenience.
- Emergency safety intervention was used with your child and you have provided school staff with documentation from your child's licensed health care provider that seclusion could put your child in mental or physical danger.
- Seclusion was used with your child and school staff could not see and hear your child at all times.
- Your child was put in a seclusion room with a locking door that does not automatically disengage when school staff walk away or in an emergency.
- Your child was put in a seclusion room that was unsafe, not wellventilated, or not sufficiently lighted.

## EMERGENCY SAFETY INTERVENTION FORM



### Documentation of a Known Medical Condition

<u>DIRECTIONS:</u> This form is being provided to you for documentation of a known medical condition that could put the student named below in mental or physical danger as a result of using an emergency safety intervention. This form satisfies the requirement in K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 72-89d03(b), but does not include any required releases necessary to share or release information to the school. Please attach copies of any releases to this form. Additional information is provided on the back of this form.	5
STUDENT'S NAME:	
STUDENT'S KIDS ID NUMBER (to be filled in by school staff):	
STUDENT'S DIAGNOSIS:	<del></del>
EXPLANATION OF THE DIAGNOSIS and REASONS WHY AN EMERGENCY SAFETY INTERVENTION WOULD PUT THE STUDENT IN MENTAL OR PHYSICAL DANGER (attach additional sheets if necessary):	
SUGGESTED ALTERNATIVES TO THE USE OF EMERGENCY SAETY INTERVENTIONS (attach additional sheets if necessary):	

## EMERGENCY SAFETY INTERVENTION FORM Documentation of a Known Medical Condition

## REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS FOR THE USE OF EMERGENCY SAFETY INTERVENTIONS K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 72-89d01 through 72-89d08; and K.A.R. 91-42-1 through 91-42-7 (2016)

The following information concerning the use of emergency safety interventions is being made available for your convenience and is meant to be used only as a reference. While every effort has been made to accurately reproduce this information, it is not the official statutes and regulations of the State. The Kansas Statutes Annotated (K.S.A.), published by the Revisor of Kansas Statutes, <a href="http://www.kslegislature.org/li 2016/b2015">http://www.kslegislature.org/li 2016/b2015</a> 16/statute/, and the Kansas Administrative Regulations (K.A.R.), published by the Secretary of State, <a href="http://kssos.org/pubs/pubs\_kar.aspx">http://kssos.org/pubs/pubs\_kar.aspx</a>, should be consulted for the text of the official statutes and administrative regulations of the State.

An emergency safety intervention means the use of seclusion or physical restraint only when a student presents a reasonable and immediate danger of physical harm to such student or others with the present ability to effect such physical harm.

"Physical restraint" means bodily force used to substantially limit a student's movement, except that consensual, solicited or unintentional contact and contact to provide comfort, assistance or instruction shall not be deemed to be physical restraint. Other forms of restraint are prohibited such as prone and supine restraint, or mechanical restraint except protective or stabilizing devices or devices used by law enforcement personnel. "Seclusion" means placement of a student in a location where all the following conditions are met: (1) The student is placed in an enclosed area by school personnel; (2) the student is purposefully isolated from adults and peers; and (3) the student is prevented from leaving, or the student reasonably believes that such student will be prevented from leaving, the enclosed area. Less restrictive alternatives to emergency safety interventions, such as positive behavior interventions support, shall be deemed inappropriate or ineffective under the circumstances by the school employee witnessing the student's behavior prior to the use of any emergency safety intervention. The use of an emergency safety intervention shall cease as soon as the immediate danger of physical harm ceases to exist. Violent action that is destructive of property may necessitate the use of an emergency safety intervention. Use of an emergency safety intervention for purposes of discipline, punishment or for the convenience of a school employee shall not meet the standard of immediate danger of physical harm.

A school may not use an emergency safety intervention, seclusion or physical restraint, with a student if the student is known to have a medical condition that could put the student in mental or physical danger as a result of the emergency safety intervention. The existence of such medical condition must be indicated in a written statement from the student's licensed health care provider, a copy of which shall be provided to the school and placed in the student's file. The written statement shall include an explanation of the student's diagnosis, a list of any reasons why an emergency safety intervention would put the student in mental or physical danger and any suggested alternatives to the use of emergency safety interventions. However, a student may be subjected to an emergency safety intervention, if not subjecting the student to an emergency safety intervention would result in significant physical harm to the student or others. K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 72-89d03(b). For example, a student with a documented medical condition who attempts to run out into a busy street may be restrained for safety.

## Parent Requests for Emergency Safety Intervention Notification



Student's Name:	Student's KIDS Student ID:	
Preferred Method of Contact for Same-Day Notification: Emergency safety intervention law, at K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 72-89d04(a)(1), requires that when an emergency safety intervention is used with a child, the school must notify the parent on the same day the emergency safety intervention was used. The parent may designate a preferred method of contact to receive this same-day notification. Examples of methods of contact could include by phone, email, text message, or another method. Please ensure that the correct contact information for your preferred method of contact is on file in the school office. Please indicate your preferred method of contact below:		
(Signature of Parent)	(Date)	
One Same-Day Notification for Multiple Incidents from the school for multiple emergency safety into	s: I agree to receive only one same-day notification ervention incidents occurring on the same day.	
(Signature of Parent)	(Date)	
Supp. 72-89d04(a)(2), requires that after the first is used during the school year the school must proviprinted form:  (1) A copy of the standards of when emergen (2) A flyer on the parent's rights; (3) Information on the parent's right to file a and the complaint process of the state both (4) Information that will assist the parent in minformation for Families Together and the	cy safety interventions can be used; complaint through the local dispute resolution process and of education; and avigating the complaint process, including contact Disability Rights Center of Kansas.	
and the second control of the contro	ergency safety intervention incident with my child this required information by email. I agree to keep ice.	
(Signature of Parent)	(Date)	

#### **Contact Information**

#### Local

District Administrator Contact for Emergency Safety Intervention Questions
Mary Alice Schroeger
913-727-1100 Ext. 1500
maryalice.schroeger@usd469.net

School Administrator Contact for Emergency Safety Intervention Questions or to Schedule a Meeting to Discuss the Use of Emergency Safety Intervention

[Name] [Phone Number] [Email]

http://www.usd469.net/index.php/schools/special-education/emergency-safety-interventions

#### **State**

#### **General Emergency Safety Intervention Information:**

www.ksdetasn.org
www.ksde.org/Default.aspx?tabid=524

#### **Emergency Safety Intervention Questions:**

Laura Jurgensen or Julie Ehler Kansas State Department of Education <u>ljurgensen@ksde.org</u> or <u>jehler@ksde.org</u> 785-296-5522 or 785-296-1944

#### **Parent Training and Information Center:**

Families Together
<a href="http://familiestogetherinc.org/">http://familiestogetherinc.org/</a>
888-815-6364

#### **Protection and Advocacy System:**

Disability Rights Center of Kansas <a href="http://www.drckansas.org/">http://www.drckansas.org/</a>
877-776-1541 or 785-273-9661